

Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Pendle Borough Council
Year ending 31 March 2018

January 2018



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Progress at 15 January 2018

Financial Statements Audit

We have started planning for the 2017/18 financial statements audit. We commenced our initial audit procedures on site in December 2017 and we are due to return to the Council in March to conclude our interim work. Any issues arising from the interim work will be reported to the Committee at its next meeting on 20 March 2018.

Our interim fieldwork visit will include:

- Updated review of the Council's control environment
- Updated understanding of financial systems
- Review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems
- Early work on emerging accounting issues
- Early substantive testing

The statutory deadline for the issue of the 2017/18 opinion is brought forward by two months to 31 July 2018. We will continue to discuss and update our plans to ensure we are able to adhere to the amended timetable. The final accounts audit is due to begin in June 2018 with findings reported to you in the Audit Findings Report by 31 July 2018. Whilst this is two months earlier than the statutory deadline for 2016/17, members will recall that we have successfully worked with the Council for the past two years to achieve closure of the audit in line with the new timetable..

Value for Money

The scope of our work is set out in the guidance issued by the National Audit Office. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".

The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as: "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".

The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:

- Informed decision making
- Sustainable resource deployment
- Working with partners and other third parties

We have commenced our initial risk assessment and will confirm the risks identified as part of the audit plan which we will present to the Committee at its meeting on 20 March 2018.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report and give our Value For Money Conclusion by the deadline on 31 July 2018.

Other areas

Certification of claims and returns

We are required to certify the Council's annual Housing Benefit Subsidy claim in accordance with procedures agreed with the Department for Work and Pensions. This certification work for the 2017/18 claim will be concluded by November 2018.

The results of the certification work are reported to you in our certification letter

Meetings

We met with the Finance team in October to revisit the 2016/17 audit and assess the steps that can be taken to further enhance audit efficiency. We also met with the Strategic Director in October to discuss the Council's forward plan and the progress made in relation to the Council's strategic priorities. We will continue to meet with key officers frequently to discuss issues as they emerge during the audit process and to inform our ongoing risk assessment.

Events

We provide a range of workshops, along with network events for members and publications to support the Council. Our next event are the Chief Accountant workshops which will be held across the North in early 2018. The key members of your finance team will be invited to this event.

Audit Deliverables

2017/18 Deliverables	Planned Date	Status
Fee Letter Confirming audit fee for 2017/18.	April 2017	Complete
Accounts Audit Plan We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Audit Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2017-18 financial statements.	March 2018	Not yet due
Audit Findings Report The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the July Audit Committee.	July 2018	Not yet due
Auditor's Report This is the opinion on your financial statement, annual governance statement and value for money conclusion.	July 2018	Not yet due
Annual Audit Letter This letter communicates the key issues arising from our work.	August 2018	Not yet due
Annual Certification Letter This letter reports any matters arising from our certification work carried out under the PSAA contract.	November 2018	Not yet due

Sector Update

Local government finances are at a tipping point. Councils are tackling a continuing drive to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider NHS and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- **Grant Thornton Publications**
- **Insights from local government sector specialists**
- **Reports of interest**
- **Accounting and regulatory updates**

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:

Public Sector

Local
government

Through a local lens: SOLACE summit 2017



The Industrial Strategy matters to places but places also matter to the Industrial Strategy.

This was a strong message coming out of discussions at the recent SOLACE (Society of Local Authority Chief Executives) summit where we facilitated 100 local authority CEOs and senior leaders to consider how the Industrial Strategy could be brought to life at a local level.

For some time now we have engaged in an ongoing and inclusive dialogue with communities and business, local authority and third sector leaders from across the country, to share aspirations, ideas and insight focused on building a vibrant economy for the UK. These discussions have helped to form the basis of our Vibrant Economy 'Blueprint for the UK' and they will go on to inform our recommendations to Government around a place-based approach to the Industrial Strategy.

This year's summit provided us with an invaluable opportunity to take this dialogue further.

We focused on the integral role local government will have in delivering the Industrial Strategy. Delegates applied a local lens to the national growth agenda, encouraging them to consider what strategies and approaches were already working in their place; what they could be doing more of to support growth in their area, and how they could steer the Industrial Strategy agenda from a local level.

Using the appreciative inquiry technique, we discussed the following questions:

What role would leaders and local institutions be playing if they were delivering positive outcomes from the industrial strategy?

Looking ahead and considering our diverse local authority agendas, the industrial strategy and surrounding policy landscape what aspects might work well for everyone?



You can see and hear what delegates thought on our [website](#)



Commercial Health Check: commercial investments and governance



Our latest health check report was launched at CIPFA's Income Generation Summit in November. It is part of our 'The Income Spectrum' series, giving leaders of local government and public services insights into why and how local authorities are changing their approach to commercialisation, some of the related governance and risk management issues, and the latest innovation trends with case studies ranging from Angus and Luton to Oldham and Stirling.

The research shows that councils need to do more than simply adhere to the drafted rules to ensure an approach to commercialisation that balances outcomes and risks. The report therefore also includes a healthcheck diagnostic tool designed to give local government leaders extra comfort and confidence that they are pursuing a suitably balanced approach

Governance of commercial commitments is key to building confidence in the path to financial sustainability. The CIPFA code is the sector's primary rule book for treasury management and is expected to place a stronger emphasis on how councils will balance security, liquidity and return.

Key findings from the report include:

- While property has tended to be the focus, it is just one of a number of areas of activity. In the past year, borrowing includes £4.8 billion on bonds and commercial paper, and investment includes £7 billion in inter-authority lending (Investment in property for councils is a growing trend – a third of councils have done so since 2010, spending more than £2.4 billion between them, but this is the not the only major area of investment activity)
- More entrepreneurial councils are adopting innovative approaches such as place-based market offerings, working together locally to add social value and cross-boundary franchising
- For many councils, investing in commercial assets is key to developing anchor institutions that contribute to place – ranging from airports, business parks and forestry to GP surgeries and cinemas
- A 'beyond compliance' approach to governance of commercial activities is required by progressive councils wanting to do more with less



[Click on the report cover to download and read more](#)

Grant Thornton Publication

Challenge question:

Is your Authority considering the risks and governance issues for its commercialisation agenda?



Overview of General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

What is it?

GDPR is the most significant regulatory data protection development in 20 years. It introduces new rights for individuals and new obligations for public and private sector organisations.

What's next?

Many public sector organisations have already developed strategic plans to implement the GDPR, which require policy, operational, governance and technology changes to ensure compliance by 25th May 2018.

How will this affect you?

- ✓ All organisations that process personal data will be affected by the GDPR.
- ✓ The definition of 'personal data' has been clarified to include any data that might reasonably be used to identify a living individual, either directly or indirectly. Various unique identifiers (including online cookies and IP addresses) will likely fall within the scope of personal data

What organisations need to do by May 2018

- ✓ Local government organisations need to be able to provide evidence of completion of their GDPR work to internal and external stakeholders, to internal audit and to regulators.
- ✓ New policies and procedures need to be fully signed off and operational.

Organisation Accountability

- Organisations must document their assurance procedures, and make them available to regulators
- Organisations need to designate a Data Protection Officer, who has expert knowledge of data protection law

Notifications and Rights

- Organisations must notify relevant incidents to regulators within 72 hours
- Organisations must explain to individuals what their rights over their personal information are and how it is being processed and protected

Claims and Fines

- Privacy regulators can impose penalties of up to €1 million on public sector organisations, for the most serious violations
- Individuals and representative organisations may be able to seek compensation for infringements of data protection rights

GDPR

Challenge question:

Can your authority effectively erase Personally Identifiable Data?

Have you appointed a Data Protection Officer?

How will your authority ensure citizens' data isn't duplicated across different information siloes without their knowledge?

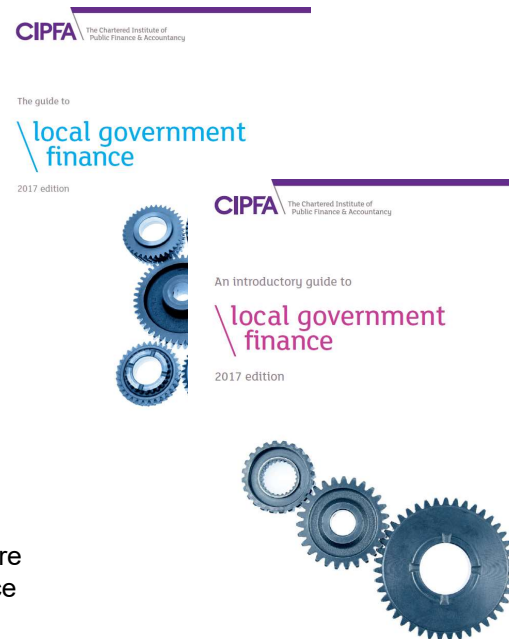
CIPFA publications

CIPFA have published 'The guide to local government finance' 2017 edition. The guide seeks to provide information on current arrangements for local government finance and sets out the principles of sound financial management.

The guide covers a range of local government services. It examines the funding systems that support those services including council tax, business rates and the local government finance settlement. The guide covers both revenue and capital financing and has separate chapters on key areas and their specific intricacies including:

- capital finance
- budgeting and financial reporting
- treasury management
- auditing
- governance
- education
- housing
- police
- social care.

CIPFA have also published 'An introductory guide to local government finance' 2017 edition which is aimed at those requiring more of an introduction to local government finance for example, those new to the sector or non finance specialists.



CIPFA have updated their guidance on the key considerations in setting up and managing a pooled budget in the publication 'Pooled Budgets and the Better Care Fund: A Practical Guide for Local Authorities and Health Bodies' (2017 Edition)

Although pooled budgets have operated widely across health and social care for a long time, they were brought into prominence by the Better Care Fund, introduced in 2015–16.

The aim of CIPFA's guidance is to define the basic principles of financial management, governance and accountability that partners in budget pooling arrangements or, indeed, other forms of partnership working, should follow, and to consider the relevant accounting issues.

The guide provides practical tools such as a checklist of matters to consider, an example of how to decide which agency should lead the arrangement, a model scheme of delegation to boards. The guide considers the background to budget pooling, including the purpose of pooling, the basics of partnership arrangements, and some other options available to health and social care organisations pursuing similar objectives. It goes on to consider specific issues arising from pooling: managing a pooled budget, corporate governance, financial management, audit and assurance, and VAT. These matters then feed into an appendix on accounting issues.

CIPFA Publication

Challenge question:

Are these publications of use to you?



DCLG Consultation

DCLG are currently consulting with Local Authorities and other interested parties on proposed changes to the prudential framework of capital finance.

The statutory framework for the Prudential System is set out in Chapter I of the Local Government Act 2003 and in the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 as amended. The framework includes four statutory codes. Alongside CIPFA's Prudential Code and Treasury Management Code, the DCLG is responsible for Statutory Guidance on both Local Authority Investments and on the Minimum Revenue Provision.

Over the past years the regulatory and economic environment has changed significantly and led the sector to consider more innovative types of investment activity. The government has also monitored changes in the practices used for calculating Minimum Revenue Provision.

As a result the Department for Communities and Local Government sought views on proposals to update the guidance on Local Authorities Investments and on Minimum Revenue Provision for full implementation in 2018/19. This consultation closed on 22 December 2017 and may be accessed [here](#).

Local Authorities Investment Code

The Government recognises that there is great variation in the objectives and nature of local authority investment, including local economic regeneration projects, however it believes that local authorities need to be better at explaining “why” not just “what” they are doing with their investment activity.

That means that the sector needs to demonstrate more transparency and openness and to make it easier for informed observers to understand how good governance and democratic accountability have been exercised.

To this end a number of proposals are made including requiring local authorities to:

- prepare a Capital Strategy which includes clear disclosure of the Investment Strategy
- disclose the contribution that investment activities make to their core functions
- use indicators to assess total risk exposure
- apply the principles of prioritising security and liquidity over yield for investment in non financial assets (in the same way that they are required to do for financial assets)
- disclose their dependence on commercial income to deliver statutory services and the amount of borrowing that has been committed to generate that income
- disclose additional information where authorities borrow to invest in revenue generating investments
- Disclose steps to ensure expertise of key officer and councillors involved in the decision making process.

Minimum Revenue Provision Guidance

Local authorities are normally required each year to set aside some of their revenues as provision for debt. More precisely, the provision is in respect of capital expenditure financed by borrowing or long term credit arrangements. Given the changes in current practice and recent interest, the Government feels that it is time to look into updating the guidance as part of the more general update of the statutory codes comprising the prudential system. Four proposals are made:

- change to the definition of the basis of MRP
- confirmation that a charge to the revenue account cannot be a credit
- confirmation that a change to the MRP methodology would not generate an overpayment of MRP calculated retrospectively
- Introduces maximum useful economic lives for MRP calculations based on asset life

Links

Grant Thornton website links

<https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/>

<http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/industries/publicsector>

<http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/through-a-local-lens-solace-summit-2017/>

<http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/commercial-healthcheck-in-local-authorities/>

CIPFA website links

<http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/codes-of-practice>

<http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/a/an-introductory-guide-to-local-government-finance-2017-edition-online>

<http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/t/the-guide-to-local-government-finance-2017-edition-online>

<http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/p/pooled-budgets-and-the-better-care-fund-a-practical-guide-for-local-authorities-and-health-bodies-2017-edition>

DCLG website links

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/proposed-changes-to-the-prudential-framework-of-capital-finance>

<https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/local-authority-revenue-expenditure-and-financing-england-2016-to-2017-final-outturn>

